

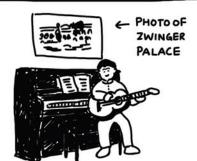
TRANSLATED BY NORMAN CHAN

MANPUKUYA MOGU MOGU

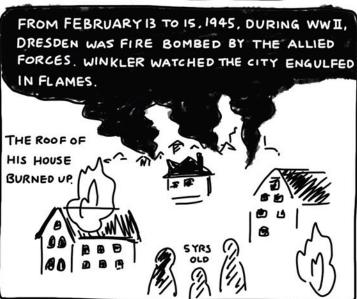


HIS MOTHER AND
GRANDFATHER WERE
TEACHERS. HE HAD A PIANO
AND A GUITAR IN HIS HOUSE,
BUT HARDLY ANY EXPOSURE
TO ART.





WHEN HE WAS YOUNG, HE READ HEGEL, KANT, LENIN AND STALIN, WHICH LED TO AN INTEREST IN THE NATURAL SCIENCES AND THE ORIGIN OF ALL THINGS.



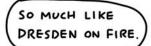
FIRE DESTOROYED MOST OF THE CITY, CREATING VAST



GERMANY UNCONDITIONALLY
SURRENDERED AND DRESDEN
BECAME PART OF THE SOVIETOCCUPIED ZONE. IN 1949, IT
BECAME A CITY WITHIN THE
SOCIALIST GERMAN DEMOCRATIC
REPUBLIC (EAST GERMANY)
FOUNDED THAT YEAR.

IT'S LIKE A
SCENE IN A
HORROR OR
SF MOVIE.

AT SEVEN, HIS MOTHER
TOOK HIM ON A VISIT TO
PILLNITZ PALACE WHERE
HE WAS STRUCK BY
ARNOLD BÖCKLIN'S
PAINTING "WAR" (1896).









HE WAS ALSO STRUCK BY ALBRECHT DÜRER'S "KNIGHT, DEATH AND DEVIL" (1513-14).

AT 10, HE PAINTED HIS FIRST OIL PAINTINGS.



LANDSCAPES



PORTRAIT OF HIS GRANDFATHER

INCIDENTALLY, EAST GERMANY AT THE TIME FAVORED THE REALISTIC REPRESENTATION OF LABORERS AND OTHER THEMES IN A STYLE CALLED "SOCIALIST REALISM."

IN 1953, HE STUDIED ART HISTORY AND THE BASICS OF PAINTING UNDER JÜRGEN BÖTTCHER AT AN ADULT EDUCATION CENTER.



IN THE EVENINGS, BÖTTCHER INVITED HIM AND OTHER STUDENTS TO HIS HOME WHERE THEY LISTENED TO JAZZ, SHARED THEIR ART AND FLIPPED THROUGH CONTRABAND ART BOOKS, BECOMING FRIENDS.

# LATER, BECOMING A FILM DIRECTOR, BÖTTCHER MADE A FILM THAT CHRONICLED THE LIVES OF HIS STUDENTS, "THREE OF MANY"(" DREI VON VIELEN")(1961), THE SCREENING OF WHICH WAS BANNED.

HE QUIT HIS APPRENTICESHIP AND APPLIED REPEATEDLY TO ART ACADEMIES IN DRESDEN AND EAST BERLIN, TO NO AVAIL. SO HE SET OUT TO TEACH HIMSELF.



IN 1954, HE MADE HIS FIRST WOODBLOCK PRINTS. HE BEGAN PAINTING AND SELLING PORTRAITS.

10 MARKS

A PIECE.

IN 1955, HE STARTED VOCATIONAL TRAINING AS A DRAFTSMAN'S APPRENTICE AT VEB DEWAG (THE EAST GERMAN STATE-OWNED ADVERTISING AGENCY).



HIS FIRST EXHIBITION WAS IN 1956, A COMPETITION FOR BEGINNERS AND VOCATIONAL TRAINING STUDENTS IN DRESDEN. HIS WOODCUT, WHICH DEPICTED FAMILIES AND THE CITY, WON A PRIZE, BUT WHEN THE EXHIBITION WENT TO EAST BERLIN IT WAS DEEMED BOURGEOIS AND DECADENT AND WAS TAKEN OUT OF THE SHOW. HIS DAWNING AWARENESS OF RUT BORING POLITICAL AGENDAS AND KITSCH. MACHINATIONS LED TO HIS

ANTIPATHY TOWARDS THE STATE



IN 1956, HE MET GEORG KERN (BASELITZ) WHO MOVED TO WEST BERLIN THE FOLLOWING YEAR.

THROUGH CORRESPONDENCE WITH KERN HELEARNED ABOUT THE CULTURE OF THE WEST AND ARTISTS AND WRITERS LIKE JACKSON POLLOCK, ANTONIN ARTAUD AND WOLS.

SO "POLLOCK IS THE NAME OF A PERSON ..



IN THE LATE 1950S, HE MADE PAINTINGS IN THE STYLE OF PICASSO AND REMBRANDT. IN EAST GERMANY, PICASSO WAS CONSIDERED A DUBIOUS ARTIST.



Self-portrait with hat, 1958

WHAT AN INDESCRIBABLE EXPRESSION!



Cubistic drawing , 1960



Man and woman at a table 1959



HE AISO DID FIGURATIVE PAINTINGS DEPICTING LONELINESS AND VIOLENCE.



Tribunal, 1955





CONTRAST BETWEEN LIGHT AND DARK.

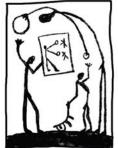


Woman near window at night, 1957

FROM 1960, HE BEGAN PAINTING ELONGATED STICK-LIKE FIGURES. HE SOUGHT TO ASCERTAIN THE MOTIVES BEHIND HUMAN BEHAVIOR.

IS IT ABOUT THE EAST AND WEST DIVIDE OR THE COLD WAR?





NOTICE THE PLACARD IN HIS HAND.

System painting, 1961

CONSTRUCTION OF THE BERLIN WALL BEGAN ON AUGUST 13, 1961. ONE DAY BEFORE. HE VISITED BASELITZ IN WEST BERLIN. THE CRACKDOWNS ON ANTI-ESTABLI-SHMENT CULTURE INTENSIFIED.



INFLUENCED BY CYBERNETICS AND PRIMITIVE ART, WINKLER CREATED A SYSTEM OF STICK FIGURES, GEOMETRIC SIGNS AND SYMBOLS. IN 1964 HE GAVE BIRTH TO THE CONCEPT OF "STANDART." COINED FROM GERMAN WORDS FOR "STANDARD" AND MILITARY FLAG," HE HOPED TO MAKE A POSITIVE CONTRIBUTION TO SOCIALISM, APPLYING IT NOT ONLY TO PAINTING, BUT ALSO MORE BROADLY. THE AUTHORITIES, HOWEVER, ACCUSED HIS WORK OF BEING INFLUENCED BY WESTERN ABSTRACT PAINTING AND THUS ANTI-ESTABLISHMENT.

A UNIQUE PICTORIAL LANGUAGE



Standart, 1968

BOOKS EXPLAINING THE "STANDART" CONCEPT.



SCULPTURES MADE WITH EVERYDAY OBJECTS.



HE MET AND WAS INTRIGUED WITH WOLF BIERMANN WHO CRITICIZED THE BUREAUCRATIC SYSTEM THROUGH POETRY AND MUSIC.

ABSTRACTION

HE WAS A POET WHO TOOK THE REALISM OF SOCIALIST REALISM VERY SERIOUSLY.

IN 1965, HE EXHIBITED PAINTINGS AT THE PUSHKIN HOUSE IN DRESDEN CONSISTING OF PORTRAITS AND OTHER NON-ABSTRACT WORKS NOT FROM HIS WORLD PICTURE OR SYSTEM PAINTING SERIES. THIS LED TO HIS NOMINATION FOR MEMBERSHIP IN THE



Anti-cold painting, 1961

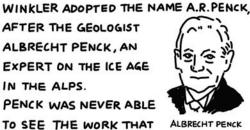
VBK (ASSOCIATION OF VISUAL ARTISTS IN THE GOR) THE NEXT YEAR. TO WORK AS AN ARTIST IN EAST GERMANY REQUIRED MEMBERSHIP IN THE VBK, BUT HIS MEMBERSHIP WAS REJECTED IN 1969. SO HE CONTINUED HIS ARTISTIC ACTIVITIES WITHOUT ANY FORMAL AFFILIATIONS.

MICHAEL WERNER, AN ART DEALER WHOM WINKLER MET THROUGH BASELITZ, ACTIVELY INTRODUCED HIS WORKS IN THE WEST, STARTING WITH A SOLO EXHIBITION AT GALERIE HAKE IN COLOGNE IN 1968.



PREPARING TO TRANSPORT HIS WORK TO THE WEST.

AFTER THE GEOLOGIST ALBRECHT PENCK, AN EXPERT ON THE ICE AGE IN THE ALPS. PENCK WAS NEVER ABLE



ALBRECHT PENCK (458-1945) HE EXHIBITED IN THE WEST.

HIS PAINTINGS WERE COMPOSED OF ABSTRACT ELEMENTS, FIGURATIVE ELEMENTS OR BOTH.



TM., 1974



Standart 1987, 1973

IN 1971, HE FORMED THE ARTIST GROUP LÜCKE IN DRESDEN WHICH SOUGHT TO UNLEASH THE SOCIALIST POTENTIAL OF ART THROUGH COLLABORATION IN PAINTING, FILM AND MUSIC. IN GERMAN, THE WORD "LÜCKE" MEANS "GAP" OR "VOID". IT WAS A PLAY ON THE NAME OF THE EXPRESSIONIST GROUP "BRÜCKE" FOUNDED IN DRESDEN IN 1905.





FALLING ILL IN 1977, HE MADE CARVINGS WITH PIECES OF WOOD

GIVEN TO HIM BY A FRIEND. THIS LED TO A BREAK FROM THE THEORETICAL.



HE MET JÖRG IMMENDORFF WITH



WHOM HE HELD
A TWO-PERSON
EXHIBITION IN
COLOGNE IN 1978.
THEY CARRIED OUT
JOINT PROJECTS
FREQUENTLY
THEREAFTER.

IN 1979, HE
RELEASED HIS
FIRST MUSIC
RECORDING. HE
CO-FOUNDED
A FREE JA22
GROUP AND
BECAME ACTIVE
IN THE WORLD
OF MUSIC.



WAS DENIED
THE CHANCE
TO EXHIBIT
HAD WORKS
CONFISCATED

BIERMANN WAS STRIPPED OF HIS CITIZENSHIP

I CAN'T STAND IT ANYMORE..



IN 1980, DUE TO DETERIO-RATING CONDITIONS IN EAST GERMANY, HE MOVED TO COLOGNE. HE BECAME ACQUAINTED WITH MARKUS LÜPERTZ AND PER KIRKEBY.





MARKUS LÜPERTZ

PER KIRKEBY



HE VISITED
JOSEPH BEUYS.

HE MADE WORKS IN A VARIETY OF MATERIALS AND MEDIUMS, INCLUDING SCULPTURES MADE OF BRONZE AND MARBLE AND PRINTS.

SCULPTURES



Monument for the divided Germany, 1986

PRINTS



Nightvision, 1982

MAGAZINES



Crater and cloud, 1982-90

STONE HENGE

STONE HENGE

NEWGRANGE

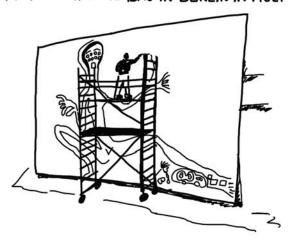
HE MOVED TO ENGLAD AND IRELAND,
SEEKING A MORE RELAXED PLACE TO

ALONG WITH BASELITZ,

IMMENDORFF,
LÜPERTZ AND
ANSELM KIEFER,
HE DREW INTERNATIONAL ATTENTION
AS A REPRESENTATIVE
OF WEST GERMAN
NEO-EXPRESSIONISM,



SHOWING WORK IN THE "A NEW SPIRIT IN PAINTING" EXHIBITION AT THE ROYAL ACADEMY OF ARTS IN LONDON IN 1981 AND THE "ZEITGEIST" EXHIBITION AT THE MARTIN GROPIUS BAU IN BERLIN IN 1982.



FROM 1989, HE WAS A
PROFESSOR AT THE KUNSTAKADEMIE DÜSSELDORF
(UNTIL 2005). HE TAUGHT
MORE THAN 130 STUDENTS,
INCLUDING YOSHITOMO NARA.

WORK.





HE PASSED AWAY ON MAY 2,2017 IN ZURICH, SWITZERLAND AT THE AGE OF 77.

IN RECENT YEARS,
A.R.PENCK HAS BEEN A
FOCUS OF NEWATTENTION
THROUGH STUDIES AND
EXHIBITIONS THAT LOOK
BACK ON HIS LIFE WORK.

